

# THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, LIMA, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1906.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## ON TOP FLOOR

Of Big Hotel Stensland  
Spent Night

Because of An Error In the  
the Despatch From  
Washington.

SENT TO JAIL TODAY.

Basha Was Pleased to Carry  
Out the Orders of the  
United States.

Exile Confesses That His  
Life Since Fleeing Was  
a Hell on Earth.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Sept. 5.—The Moorish authorities will interpose no objection to the removal to America of Paul O. Stensland, president of the Milwaukee Avenue bank of Chicago. A dispatch to this effect has been received at the state department from Minister Gunnar, at Tangier, dated today. The dispatch added that Stensland is a prisoner in the American legation there.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—A cable dispatch to the Tribune, from Tangier says:

But for an error of the state department at Washington in sending instructions to Minister Gunnar in a cipher to which he did not have the key Paul O. Stensland last night would have been a prisoner in Kairwa, a rather superior sort of jail in the Moorish city. As it is, he is still confined on the top floor of the Bristol hotel, guarded by a representative of the American legation and six soldiers of the sultan.

Today it is expected intelligible instructions will arrive. Then the banker must leave his suite of rooms and go to a cell. The process of incarceration will be simple. The American minister will present the request of the government to Kader Bellegar, the Basha ruler of Tangier. He will express great pleasure in being able to take and into jail the fugitive.

Russia was the ultimate goal of the fugitive. He so confessed yesterday. Stensland said he knew it was not a particularly safe place from his point of view but thought he would have a chance. He believed there was enough room and rebellion there so that a stranger might be unnoticed, but it is probable the wanderer was hunting for and hiding place as near as possible to his fatherland. His life of exile was hell on earth, according to Stensland. From the moment he left Chicago his every waking thought was filled with fear and his eye sleeping moments were filled with terrifying visions.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Additional instructions were sent by the state department today to Mr. Gunnar, American minister of Morocco in relation to the desired surrender of Paul O. Stensland, president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago to Assistant States Attorney Olson, of Illinois, who apprehended the fugitive banker in Tangier. Mr. Gunnar was directed to inform the state department in detail what the attitude of the Moroccan government will be on the subject of the surrender of Stensland in the absence of an extradition treaty between the two countries. The failure of the department to hear yesterday from Mr. Gunnar was due to the fact that the message sent him by the state department was in cipher, and Mr. Gunnar did not possess the key. He asked the department to repeat in phraseology that he could understand and this was done. A prompt reply is not expected. Until this arrives, Mr. Scott, the solicitor for the department will be unable to prepare the ruling to be made by Mr. Ade to the powers of the United States to secure Stensland and to recover the deposit of \$12,000 made by Stensland in the French bank at Tangier.

Assistant Secretary Bacon has returned to Washington from a brief vacation and has assumed control of affairs in the state department to determine the course of this government when a reply has been received from Mr. Gunnar.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—States Attorney Healy today received a message from Assistant States Attorney Olson who is now in Tangier, with Paul O. Stensland, the fugitive banker asking that he (Olson) and James Keely, managing editor of the Chi-

## LAW HAS THEM

Three of Trust Company  
Looters

Are Arrested on Warrants  
Charging Them With  
Cussedness,

OF A VERSATILE KIND.

Promoter Who Borrowed  
Millions Among Those  
Durace Vile.

In Durance.  
Deposit Creditor Who Had  
Lost Heavily.

By Associated Press.  
Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—District Attorney Bell, who is investigating the looting of the Real Estate Trust company, which failed a week ago, upon reaching his office today, said that warrants for the arrest of three men connected with the collapse of the institution will be served about noon. The men to be arrested, he said, are Adolph Seagle, the promoter of many enterprises, who borrowed more than \$500,000 from the company on insufficient collateral, William F. North, treasurer of the Real Estate Trust company and Marshall S. Collingwood, the assistant treasurer.

The warrants will be issued by a magistrate in the city hall, and will contain charges of conspiracy, embezzlement and false returns to the state banking department. The latter charge will not be brought against Seagle as he has no official connection with the company. The affidavits for the warrants were made yesterday and were furnished by a deposit-creditor of the trust company. The warrants will be served, Mr. Bell said, by city detectives as soon as they are made out. "I do not anticipate any trouble in securing the men I want."

Questioned as to whether any other arrests would be made, the district attorney said:

"I do not expect to make any additional arrest at this time, but I am not through with this investigation yet, and if at any time sufficient evidence of criminality on the part of any one is discovered I shall order his arrest, and I shall not stop at the directors."

The lawyer North arrived at the trust company building shortly before 10 o'clock. He was accompanied from his home to the office by a friend who will go on his bond when he is taken into custody.

The warrants for the arrest of Seagle, North and Collingwood were issued by Magistrate Wm. S. Kocherberger, after which the district attorney announced that the accused men had waived the formal service of the warrants and that they would enter bail. Seagle's bail was fixed at \$25,000 and that of North and Collingwood, \$10,000 each. They all gave bond.

## PRIZE FIGHTER GIVEN KNOCKOUT.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Harry Jacobs, 23 years old, known in prize circles as "Kid Murphy" was struck by an automobile last night and suffered injuries which caused his death later. The automobile was operated by B. H. Roper, who is held until the inquest. Jacobs, when struck by the car was running from a fight on the sidewalk, where shots were being fired. When he stepped off the sidewalk, he was struck by the automobile, the front wheel passing over his body.

## COSTLY FREE RIDE.

By Associated Press.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 5.—The west bound Los Angeles limited on the Union Pacific railroad was derailed yesterday at Red Buttes, 40 miles west of Cheyenne. The entire train including six coaches, left the track and the engine and baggage car turned over. Fireman J. W. Cook was badly scalded. A tramp, name unknown, was killed and another fatally injured. The cause of the accident is not yet known.

## HAD FIRST DISHONOR.

By Associated Press.

Vineta, I. T., Sept. 5.—Robert Colton, colored, who last year murdered his wife, literally cutting her body in pieces has been executed here. It was the first legal hanging ever held in the northern district of Indian Territory.

## WOOD COUNTY

Woman Found Gagged and  
Bound By Husband.

Bloomdale, O., Sept. 5.—Overpowered, bound and gagged, Mrs. Chas. Wolf lay helpless in a chair while two burglars ransacked her home late last night.

Wolf is employed by the Percy Oil Co. and was detained at work until after midnight.

The men evidently knew of this

and it is also believed that they

expected to find his money.

Failing to find this they took

nothing.

Mrs. Wolf heard a noise at

the front door and thinking that

her husband had arrived, went

to let him in.

"Is that you, Charlie?" she

asked.

"Yes," a voice replied, and

she unlocked the door. Two

men rushed in and seizing Mrs.

Wolf by the throat, forced her

into a chair. Then they bound

and gagged her and ransacked

the house. Mrs. Wolf was not

found by her husband until two

hours later.

## DEATH NOTICE

Answered by a Letter  
From Corps.

Should Dumbadez Be Killed  
Revenge Will Fall on  
Terrorists.

## ADMIRAL SKRYDLOFF

Is Apprehensive Regarding  
the Attitude of Sailors  
and Garrison.

Annual Cruise of Training  
Squadron Has Been  
Given Up.

By Associated Press.

Sebastopol, Sept. 5.—In answer to the publication of a notice from the terrorists that a sentence of death had been imposed on Col. Dumbadez, commander of a rifle regiment, here, the officers of that corps in an open letter have announced that in case of an attack being made on the colonel they will exact vengeance on the leaders of the progressive parties.

It is now supposed that the three cannons which disappeared last week from a torpedo boat under repair here, were stolen by revolutionists.

Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, and the military commander here are apprehensive, both regarding the attitude of the sailors of the fleet and the garrison of the fortress. The annual cruise of the training squadron as well as the regular fleet maneuvers have been abandoned. The warships will only make short trips to sea, scarcely venturing beyond the range of the guns of the forts.

The military patrols of the city have been withdrawn inside the walls of the forts, the governor announcing that the men are needed for their military training. But this step is taken it is believed, because it is feared the soldiers will be corrupted if they are allowed to be in contact with the masses. The merchants of this city have practically been thrown on their own resources in the latter of protection.

The governor at a recent meeting of merchants, advised them to organize their own guard for the protection of property, as soldiers could no longer be spared for police duty and as the municipality is bankrupt and unable to maintain efficient protection.

The Jews, who are in a chronic state of terror, interpreted the withdrawal of the troops as evidence that the mob was to be let loose on them and they were responsible for the alarmist reports that anti-Jewish outbreaks were imminent, which reached the outside world.

## BLANCHE WALSH WILL CONTINUE.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—In a lengthy printed statement issued from Shiloh house in Zion City, John Alexander Dowie replied categorically to charges of immorality, extravagance, misrepresentation, misuse of investments and polygamous teachings made against him by Wm. G. Voliva, who deposed him from authority and took his place as leader.

Replying to the charge of immorality Dowie declared that he had denied Voliva time and again that the charges which Voliva made against his moral conduct he made public and that each time Voliva had refused to comply.

"Before God and man I say that I am without taint upon my personal purity," he asserted. "If there is aught to the contrary, let them stand forth and prove it."

The charge of polygamous teachings in the face of his public teachings for years and his printed addresses, he declared to be absurd and foolish.

Answering the charge of extravagance, Dowie said:

"The general overseer and first apostle of the Christian Catholic church in Zion must necessarily in his representative capacity use more funds than a private individual in Zion. To say that I have made willful and extravagant use of money in my private affairs can only proceed from a petty, envious spirit."

After denouncing Voliva and leading officials of Zion who joined the revolt "as men who are guilty, confessedly of the rankest dishonesty the basest deception," Dowie appeals to those in Zion still faithful to him to aid him in his fight to regain leadership.

## PROCTOR HAD SOME TO SPARE.

By Associated Press.  
Rutland, Vt., Sept. 5.—Comptroller returns from yesterday's state election show that Fletcher D. Proctor, independent candidate for governor by 16,657 over Rev. W. Clement (independent democrat) of Rutland. The vote: Proctor, 42,156; Clement, 26,474. Scattering 1,000. The remainder of the republican state ticket was successful by pluralities about equal to that received by Proctor. The republicans carried every county in the state except Bennington and the party leaders claim that county by a small margin.

The republicans gained over ten thousand votes over the number of four years ago and Clements lost 100. Congressmen David J. Foster, of Burlington, and Kittridge Haskins, of Brattleboro both republicans were elected by majorities greater than those they received two years ago. The lower branch of the legislature is overwhelmingly republican. The republicans elected their entire state ticket by pluralities approaching that of Governor-elect Proctor.

## DISMISSAL OF EDWARD H. DUNN.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Sept. 5.—By direction of the president, Lieut. Edward H. Dunn, U. S. N., has been dismissed from the service of the United States. Lieut. Dunn was attached to the receiving ship Independence, at the Mare Island (California) navy yard and was recently convicted by court martial of scandalous conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline and sentenced to dismissal.

Water about under control. Hope to have ship free from water about 5 p. m."

The department is of the opinion that the Boston will be able to proceed to Bremerton navy yard sometime today.

## QUAKERS WILL MEET

In Their General Conference at Richmond, Ind., Next Year.

## OHIO NOT A MEMBER

But It Is Believed the Buckeye Friends Will Soon Join.

Richmond, Ind., Sept. 5.—One of the most important religious gatherings that is scheduled for Richmond in 1907 is the Five Years' Meeting (general conference) of American Orthodox Friends or Quakers, as they are more commonly called. There are fourteen of the yearly meetings in America and all but three of these participate in the general conferences. Those belonging to it and which will be represented by delegates are Kansas, California, North Carolina, Oregon, New York, Wilmington, Indiana, Western, Iowa, Baltimore and New England. These meetings each take in much more territory than the single state for which they are named so that practically every state in the union is included. It is practically certain that Ohio and Canada will soon become members, but it is not expected that Philadelphia will do so, as this body is very exclusive. Some slight doctrinal differences keep Ohio out, but nothing stands in the way of Canada becoming a member. A notable feature of the gathering in Richmond will be the presence of fraternal delegates from London and Dublin yearly meetings, an invitation having been extended these bodies to send representatives and it is practically certain that they will do so.

The man probably is the same one who held up the stage last year. The sheriff's posse is after him, and the stage company has offered a reward of \$250 for his arrest and conviction.

## MEN VOTED TO RETURN TO WORK.

By Associated Press.  
San Francisco, Sept. 5.—The strike of the men on the United Railways which has been completely tied up since August 26th was practically ended last night, when at a mass meeting the men voted to return to work and submit the question of wages and hours to the committee of arbitration. It is proposed that this action will include not only the arbitration of differences between the car men and the company, but also those of the linemen, electricians, firemen and construction workers now on strike.

HAD JUST ENOUGH.

By Associated Press.  
Mansfield, Ohio, Sept. 5.—The democrats of the 18th district today nominated W. H. Budd, of Huron county, for congress. Budd received 326 out of 248 votes.

## ASHORE NEAR TO SANDY POINT.

By Associated Press.  
Baltimore, Sept. 5.—The steamer Kershaw, Captain Bond, of the Merchants and Manufacturers Transportation company which sailed last night for Boston went ashore near Sandy Point, but was subsequently floated and is now on her way back to this port in tow. Nothing is known as yet of the particulars of the accident nor of the condition of the vessel.

## TRIAL BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

By Associated Press.  
Cronstadt, Sept. 5.—The trial of 200 participants in the recent mutiny, including M. Onipko, one of the peasant leaders in the late parliament, and fifty other civilians, began here today behind closed doors. There are over a thousand witnesses and therefore the proceedings are expected to be protracted.

## STAGE ROBBER

Photographed by the New York Tourist

Artist Though Rifled With  
Other Passengers Stood  
Perfectly Cool.

## A SOLDIER PASSENGER

Was Ready to Shoot When  
Others Feared Accom-  
plices Near.

Women Took the Hold-up as  
Though It Was On  
the Boards.

Wawona, Cal., Sept. 5.—A Yosemite stage was held up Sunday three miles from Ahwahnee. It was driven by Bright Gillespie, who took President Roosevelt and his party through the park on their visit here three years ago.

The robber appeared at a bend in the road and told the driver to come on up. The driver drove until he was within a few feet of the robber, then stopped. The highwayman ordered the passengers out. The driver was told to go on some fifty feet more. The bandit then lined the passengers up in the road.

Victim Photographs Robber.  
Werner Bishop, of New York

# FORTY HOURS

## Devotional Services at St. John's Church

Will Begin Next Sunday Morning and Continue Until Tuesday.

### OVER IN SOUTH LIMA.

**Harry Haddox, the Popular Barber, Very Ill With Typhoid Fever.**

**Other Items, Mostly Personal, as Gathered for Times Democrat Readers.**

On September 9, in St. John's church, religious services, usually called "Forty Hours Devotion," will begin at St. John's Catholic church next Sunday morning at the 7:30 o'clock mass, and will continue till Tuesday evening.

At the opening of these devotions there will be a procession in the church of about 130 school children dressed in white; again at the close at 7:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening the same children will march in procession. The Rev. U. J. Miller, of Cynthiana, Ohio, will preach the opening sermon on Sunday morning. Rev. Geo. Lang, of Delphos, will preach at the services on Sunday evening. On Monday evening, the Rev. J. F. Collins, of Delaware, will preach, and at the close on Tuesday evening, the Rev. E. A. Kirby, of Berea, will be the speaker.

In addition to the following clergymen will be present and assist the pastor: Rev. Stephen Weber, of Leipzig; Rev. A. A. Weber, of Fortoria; Rev. Francis Nigisch, of Ottawa; Rev. Henry Doerner, of Findlay; Rev. Philip Schritz, of Custer; Rev. Albert Zemp, of New Cleveland; Rev. M. J. Muehe, of Kalida, and Rev. James Ryan, of Kenton.

Everybody wishing to participate in these services will be cordially welcomed.

#### Short Mentions.

Harry Haddox, the barber, of the firm of Haddox & Hageman, is critically ill with typhoid fever, at his home on McPherson avenue. It has been three weeks since he contracted the disease, and he has been hovering between life and death for many days.

John Rooney has charge of the front chair at the Haddox & Hageman barber shop during Mr. Haddox's illness.

Ed. Williams, of Benton Harbor, Mich., will be a guest of his sisters, Mrs. L. S. Gilmore and Miss Mabel Williams, of south Main street, for several days. He arrived this morning.

Detective Fenstermaker, of the Erie, captured a lad about 18 years of age this morning, who had run away from his parental home in Portland, Ind. The boy was turned over to officer Snyder.

Miss Stella Greenland, of Indianapolis, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. F. L. Neth, of west Vine street.

Now that the squirrel season is in, H. C. Napier claims to be the crack shot of the south side. Of course he didn't go squirrel hunting, but just to show what he could do if he did go rado were well represented. Mr. hunting, he claims to have killed 11 Bryan is expected to arrive here at rats in 9 shots. He shot them through 5:30 o'clock this afternoon.



## "DANDROCIDE"

Dandruff is a scalp disease. "Dandrocide" is its cure. "Dandrocide" is a scalp food, and in ridding the dandruff, gives the hair cells natural life and healthy hair growth. Most hair tonics gloss the hair, but leave the damaging dandruff.

"Dandrocide" removes the dandruff, thereby removing the evil. "Dandrocide" grows a bountiful supply of long and silky hair—a luxuriant growth of hair will come with the use of "Dandrocide."

Remember the bottle as illustrated in the picture.

"Dandrocide" Hair Tonic and Scalp Food.

\$1.00 THE BOTTLE

For sale by

ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE, LIMA, O.

### To Remove Freckles & Pimples in Ten Days, Use Nadinola



Sold by H. F. VORTKAMP, Drugstore

### FORTY BUSHELS

#### Of Wheat to the Acre Possible on Ohio Farms.

A press bulletin issued from Ohio Agricultural Station, contains the following information that will be interesting to Ohio farmers and other interested in agriculture:

For twenty years the Ohio Experiment Station has grown potatoes, wheat and clover in a three-year rotation; one of its farms in Wayne county, a farm no better in natural fertility than thousands of others, which may be found in this region of the state.

The land under experiment is divided into three sections and each crop is grown every season. Each section is subdivided into plots of one-tenth acre each, every third plot being left continuously without fertilizer or manure, while the intervening plots have received different combinations of fertilizing materials, the fertilizers being divided between the potato and wheat crop.

The average yield of wheat in this test for the last ten years has been twenty-five bushels per acre on the unfertilized land. The application of 160 pounds of acid phosphate per acre to wheat, following a like application to potatoes, has increased the wheat yield by five bushels. When to this application 100 pounds of muriate of potash was added for each crop, the yield of wheat was increased by seven bushels, while the use of a complete fertilizer, made up of 160 pounds of acid phosphate, 100 pounds of muriate of potash and the equivalent of 160 pounds of nitrate of soda, for each crop, has increased the total yield of wheat to more than forty bushels per acre for the ten-year average.

The increase in the potato crop in each of these cases has more than paid for the fertilizer, leaving the increase in wheat as net gain, a gain which has been further augmented by a considerable increase in the yield of clover.

Not only has the yield been maintained at a high point, but it seems to be steadily increasing; the average yield for the three plots which receive the combination given, and which are located in different parts of the field, being 28 1/2 bushels per acre for the first half of the ten-year period, and 12 1/2 bushels per acre for the second half.

It has therefore been possible to produce forty bushels of wheat per acre in Ohio as a ten-year average, and to accomplish this result by a method which has much more than paid the cost.

It is the general observation of farmers that wheat does exceptionally well when it follows potatoes, and this fact in part accounts for the large yields obtained in this experiment. The fact that the land was in good condition to start with—part of it having been cleared from the forest for the sake of security. The more classical earthquakes occurred in 1804 and 1837. The first was felt for a distance of nearly 1,000 miles along the Chilean coast. It was accompanied by elevations. Rocks which were below the sea level prior to the disturbance appeared, and remained above the surface, many places became shallower and streams increased in the rapidity of their flow. A question just now receiving attention at the hands of astronomers relates to the possible effect of these massive displacements upon the rotation of our earth.

As an illustration of the manner in which they might affect that rotation I may refer to an ingenious experiment devised by Rev. H. V. Gill. He made a disc-shaped top which was hollow. When this was spun on a glass plate which was covered with smoke it rotated freely, with its axis vertical. On a very small metal ball being dropped inside the rotating top it wobbled and the end of the spindle described on the smoked plate what looks like the letter E. When a second ball was dropped in the top again spun steadily, the two balls having arranged themselves diametrically opposite to each other. A third ball put in produced no disturbance, as the three balls automatically arranged themselves at angles of 120 degrees.

If instead of the ball water was placed in the top it also spun steadily, and by dropping a ball in with the water its equilibrium was not disturbed, inasmuch as the water piled itself up on one side and balanced it.

Now, applying these ideas to our earth, the shifting of material may cause some slight disturbance of the axis of the earth, but whether it is measurable is a point yet to be determined. What we know is that at times when observation shows us that the axis of the earth is slightly changed in its direction, then these

### ABOUT EARTHQUAKES.

#### Some Remarkable Instances as to Their Origin.

(London Mail)

These earthquakes are probably due to the faulting or breaking of strata, which are being buckled upward in the process of mountain formation. The Andes rise to a height of 12,000 feet, while immediately in front of them is the ocean 24,000 feet in depth. These deep run along the western shore of South America and form an oceanic trough. From the bottom of this trough to the summit of the mountain the slope is about one in twenty, and in all parts of the world where we find deep slopes of this character having a length, let us say, of two geographical degrees, or 120 miles, we find that we are in a district of instability and that fracturing frequently takes place.

Geographically speaking, these steps slopes are of recent production and we find many evidences along the coast line where they occur of recent elevation or of depression, generally the former, indicating that the ground is still being buckled. Accompanying this process sudden yielding from time to time take place and are announced to the world as large earthquakes.

What causes these movements is more or less a matter of conjecture. It may be due to the contraction of the nucleus of our world through loss of heat, leaving behind it a crust, and therefore, as it falls inward it is bent and broken. That is an operation dependent upon internal change within our earth resulting from loss of world heat. An operation which also might affect earthquake frequency may be traced backward to sun heat. From sun heat we get evaporation of moisture to form our clouds, which are precipitated as rain, forming rivulets and rivers. These are continually taking materials from the high lines of continents, or, in other words, removing loads, in the form of sediments, which are carried down to be deposited eventually on the sea bottom.

If we can imagine the crust of our world to be supported by flotation the general result is a sinking where the materials are accumulated, whereas the other part from the materials have derived tends to rise. As an accompaniment of such movement it is easy to imagine that sudden yielding should take place.

From measurements now being made in the devastated area of California, it would seem that movements of some six feet or seven feet have taken place along lines approaching 300 miles in length. The breadth of the area where faulting is visible on the surface might be 200 miles. That is to say, that an area of about 60,000 square miles has been shattered.

There are many good reasons which would lead us to expect that these faults may extend through what is called the crust of the world, or to a depth, let us say, of 30 miles. The inference from this is that nearly 2,000,000 cubic miles of rock have been suddenly shifted. Such estimates may be run up to 10,000,000 cubic miles. It is the impact of enormous masses like these set the whole of our world in a state of vibration.

Prior to the 1877 earthquake one of similar character occurred in 1868, sending its sea waves across the Pacific to alarm the inhabitants of Japan who in many cases removed their household goods to high places for the sake of security. The more classical earthquakes occurred in 1804 and 1837. The first was felt for a distance of nearly 1,000 miles along the Chilean coast. It was accompanied by elevations. Rocks which were below the sea level prior to the disturbance appeared, and remained above the surface, many places became shallower and streams increased in the rapidity of their flow. A question just now receiving attention at the hands of astronomers relates to the possible effect of these massive displacements upon the rotation of our earth.

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### There is No Good Reason Against Good Insurance

Not any substitute for it. Whatever failure to live means financial loss, there is call for Insurance. Is your life of financial value to another—your family, partners or business? If so, Life Insurance deserves your attention, and deserves it now. Your fore-thought will be better than their afterthought. When it comes to the best kind of Life Insurance, men do not all think alike. There is no desirable kind that cannot be obtained from THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. This is the oldest active Life Insurance Company in America, and the largest and stanchest in the world. It is a Mutual Company. It has no stockholders. Its assets belong to its policy-holders. It has paid them dividends continuously for fifty-six years. Taking its history through,

## The Mutual Life Insurance Company

has done as well for its policy-holders as any company. It should have done better, as has recently been shown. Under the present management all policy-holders may expect unusually favorable results. This is made reasonable by the facts that it is a strictly Mutual Company, operated under New York laws, which are now the best in the world; that its great volume of business means smaller share of expense on each policy, and that the new methods and economies, which are now a part of its constitution, will save immense sums which must go to the policy-holders, as the only proper place.

Mr. Charles E. Hughes, who became famous by conducting the investigation of the Legislative Committee, and who speaks with authority, has recently said: "We have had great companies exposed to close and unspiring analysis, only to find that their company not so restricted, and I believe that will be the sentiment of the people of these United States."

If you would like to know for yourself the latest phases of Life Insurance, or with information concerning any form of policy, consult our nearest agent or write direct to

The Mutual Life Insurance Company, New York

## How Dr. Morse Solved the Milk Problem

D. R. W. MORSE is Superintendent of the Bible Mission Society in New York.

This Society is devoted to the work of starting the Emigrant right when he reaches our shores.

The one great problem was milk for the Baby Emigrant.

In a medical journal article Dr. Morse says, in speaking of the enormous death rate of Infant Emigrants,—

"66.33 per cent of the death rate was from intestinal disorders due to the use of milk of impure character. . . . Ordinary sterilization is inadequate, as really it renders the milk more indigestible. . . . Condensed milk was out of the question, as the large amount of case sugar has altogether too much to do with causing derangement of the stomach and bowels. . . . I decided upon evaporated cream and chemical and experimental facts pronounced in favor of Van Camp's. . . . I do not know that I ever gave a 'food' matter more consequential and careful research. . . . It was listed exclusively that it should be the only milk used. . . . The results have the plain accent of Health, firm flesh, clear color, from the positive nutrient elements as found in this cream."

This same safe Van Camp's Sterilized Cream solves the pure milk problem for the whole family.

It is just pure milk and nothing else, evaporated and sterilized. Therefore you can have absolutely sterile (germless) milk and cream for your table and cooking, at less cost than the milk man's unsafe product.

You just add the water we took out.

Van Camp's Sterilized Cream comes in pint cans—double thick.

For good, rich cream for your cereal add a pint of water to a can of Van Camp's Cream.

To make 3 pints of superfine milk add a quart of water to a can.

Your grocer will deliver Van Camp's Sterilized Cream at 10 cts. a can.

By the case of 48 cans it is \$4.50—about 9 cts. a can.

You will find it unusually convenient to keep a case in your pantry.

**Van Camp's Sterilized Cream** 10c 10c

### A WATER WAY HONEY MOON.

\$5.00 ROUND TRIP TO

## MACKINAC ISLAND

VIA—

### C. H. & D.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 6.

Tickets Good 10 Days.

Special train to Toledo connecting there with magnificent steamers of the

D. & C. LINE.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Write to Mr. McIlvane, old postoffice corner.

### NOTICE.

Members of Lima Choral Society are requested to meet at choral hall, Tuesday evening, Sept. 4, to resume work for the ensuing year. All members should be present.

6-21 R. B. MIKESELL, Secy.

Take notice that the firm of Kaplan and Maxon known as The Square Clothing House has been dissolved by mutual consent this 27th day of August, 1906. Lima, O. A. KAPLAN. L. MAXON. aug 28-3 wks.

### Cured Hay Fever and Summer Cold.

A. J. Nusbaum, Batesville, Indiana, writes: "Last year I suffered for three months with a summer cold so distressing that it interfered with my business. I had many of the symptoms of hay fever, and a doctor's prescription did not reach my case, and I took several medicines which seemed to only aggravate my case. Fortunately I insisted upon having Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package, and it quickly cured me. My wife has since used Foley's Honey and Tar with the same success." Wm. M. Melville, old postoffice corner.

Ask your druggist for them.

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**NOW A GUSHER**

But Usually It Is the  
Average Pumper.

Operations Remain Quiet In  
the Kentucky Oil  
Fields.

**IN WAYNE AND WOLFE**

The Work Is Now Largely  
Confined to Producing  
Leases.

Gossip of the Indiana End of  
the Trenton Rock  
District.

Somerset, Ky., Sept. 5.—Operations  
are only about holding their own in the  
Kentucky-Tennessee fields, and only  
a few wells above the average are  
being brought in. An occasional gusher  
is uncovered, which is sufficient to  
spur on further operations. The at-  
traction in the Illinois field has taken  
the operators mostly in that direction,  
hence, the quietude here. The bulk  
of operations are confined to Wayne  
and Wolfe counties, but much leasing  
has been across the river from Can-  
ton, Indiana.

In Wayne County.  
In the Steubenville district, in  
Wayne county, the W. H. Emery Oil  
company has a 100 barrels producer  
in No. 8 on the John P. Boston farm.  
Wood, Kennedy & Currite's No. 11  
Mike Broyles farm, is good for 25  
barrels, and No. 12 rig is up. The  
Wood Oil company's No. 4 S. Bryant  
farm, is good for 75 barrels. Shreve,  
Backer & Co. are drilling No. 5 on  
the Lair farm. The Kentucky Colonels  
Oil company's No. 48 Sue A. Jones  
farm, is only good for 3 barrels, while  
the Luzerne Oil company has a duster  
in No. 16 on the H. F. Smith farm.

In the Sinking Creek district, same  
county, the Lincoln Oil company's No.  
6 Thos. Dodson farm, is good for 15  
barrels. The New Donaill Oil & Gas  
company's No. 3 Cyrus Brown farm,  
produced 5 barrels, and No. 4 is duster.  
P. M. Burwalt & Co's No. 2 Denby  
Heirs farm, pumped 5 barrels.  
The Monarch Oil, Gas & Coal com-  
pany's No. 1 W. R. Callahan farm,  
is drilled in, but has not been given a  
test, still it shows for a light pumper.  
Needle, Sheekley and others, have a  
rig up for No. 6 James Ramsey farm,  
and the Wood Oil company is drilling  
No. 1 D. F. Cooper farm.

In the Cooper district, the Penn  
Lubricating company's No. 25 Miller  
Bros farm, pumped 50 barrels, and rig  
is up for No. 26. The Shirley Oil com-  
pany is drilling No. 5 G. S. Oatts farm  
G. E. Backer & Co's No. 14 J. H. Dun-  
can farm, pumped 10 barrels. The  
Harriman-Kentucky Oil company's No.  
9 H. C. Coffey farm, pumped 5 barrels.  
The Duncan Valley Oil & Mining com-  
pany is drilling No. 7 W. S. Duncan  
farm, and the Pan American Oil com-  
pany has rig No. 2 up on the G. F. San-  
ders farm.

In the Third district of Wayne coun-  
ty, the Kentucky Tennessee Oil &  
Mining company's No. 2 B. E. Percy  
farm, produced 200 barrels. The New  
Domain Oil & Gas company's No. 4  
A. Brown farm, pumped 15 barrels,  
and the Turkey Rock Oil company is  
drilling No. 3 Ruth Upchurch farm.

In the Sixth district, Vogler Bros.  
& Sanders have a 5 barrel pumper in  
No. 1 James Creswell farm, while the  
Chenowth Oil company is drilling No. 15  
on the A. J. Roberts farm, and No.  
25 on the B. E. Roberts farm.

In District 13, Vogler Bros. No. 1  
Thomas Brown farm, pumped 20 barrels,  
and No. 2 is drilling. The Eu-  
reka Oil company's No. 1 up on the  
James Foster farm. The Ferndale-  
ville Oil company's No. 11 A. Hurt  
farm, is a 10 barrel pumper. The  
Kinnard Oil company's No. 13 John  
Keeton farm, pumped 35 barrels, and  
No. 14 is drilling. Same company's  
No. 15 Robt. Bell farm, pumped 25.

**S.S.S. FOR THE BLOOD**

The demand for S. S. S. has steadily increased since it was first placed  
on the market until it is now recognized as the greatest of all blood purifiers.  
It has won its way to success because **IT CURES DISEASES**, and  
there are few homes where "S. S. S. for the blood" is not a household saying.  
As the blood is the very life of the body, nourishing and supplying strength  
to every part, disease in some form is sure to follow when it becomes contaminated.  
Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Boils, Pimples and the various skin afflictions  
are due to an over-acid and impure blood-supply. Rheumatism, Catarrh,  
Sciatica, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are all  
deep seated blood diseases and will continue to grow worse and more dangerous  
as long as the impurities and poisons which produce them remain in the  
blood. In all blood disorders S. S. S. has proved itself a perfect remedy, and  
well earned the right to be called the greatest of all blood purifiers. It goes  
down into the circulation and forces out all poisons, impurities, humors,  
and unhealthy matter, and makes this life-stream rich, pure and health-sustaining.  
S. S. S. reaches inherited blood taints and so enriches the circulation  
that diseases of years standing are permanently cured. It contains no  
harmful minerals and is nature's real blood purifier. Book on the blood and  
medical advice free. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

**NATIONAL LEAGUE.**

Yesterday's Results.  
Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 1.  
Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 1.  
Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 2.  
New York, 11; Boston, 6.

How They Stand.  
Clubs. Won. Lost. Pet.  
Chicago ..... 96 32 750  
Pittsburg ..... 81 43 652  
New York ..... 78 43 645  
Philadelphia ..... 56 65 451  
Cincinnati ..... 52 75 410  
Brooklyn ..... 49 71 409  
St. Louis ..... 46 80 365  
Boston ..... 46 86 317

**AMERICAN LEAGUE.**

Yesterday's Results.  
Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 3.  
St. Louis, 4; Detroit, 3.  
New York, 7; Boston, 6.  
New York, 1; Boston, 0.

How They Stand.  
Clubs. Won. Lost. Pet.  
New York ..... 73 48 .604  
Chicago ..... 72 49 .595  
Philadelphia ..... 67 53 .558  
Cleveland ..... 65 53 .551  
St. Louis ..... 64 57 .529  
Detroit ..... 56 63 .471  
Washington ..... 47 75 .385  
Boston ..... 39 85 .314

**AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.**

Yesterday's Results.  
Louisville, 5; Toledo, 0.  
Columbus, 2; Indianapolis, 0.  
Milwaukee, 8; St. Paul, 0.  
Minneapolis, 2; Kansas City, 0.

How They Stand.  
Clubs. Won. Lost. Pet.  
Columbus ..... 53 54 .612  
Milwaukee ..... 78 69 .565  
Toledo ..... 72 65 .525  
Minneapolis ..... 71 66 .518  
Louisville ..... 69 72 .490  
Kansas City ..... 65 71 .478  
St. Paul ..... 63 73 .463  
Indianapolis ..... 50 91 .255

**CENTRAL LEAGUE.**

Yesterday's Results.  
Dayton, 2; Springfield, 0.  
Evansville, 1; Terre Haute, 1.  
Grand Rapids, 1; South Bend, 0.  
Wheeling, 1; Canton, 1.  
Canton, 5; Wheeling, 1.

How They Stand.  
Clubs. Won. Lost. Pet.  
Grand Rapids ..... 88 44 .654  
Springfield ..... 79 53 .693  
Canton ..... 73 53 .579  
Dayton ..... 67 62 .519  
Wheeling ..... 65 66 .496  
Evansville ..... 58 70 .453  
South Bend ..... 54 71 .422  
Terre Haute ..... 36 93 .279

**CASTORIA.**

Be the  
Signature  
of  
Chattel

ST. LOUIS EXCURSION, SEPT. 8TH  
AND 9TH.

Via the Lima-Toledo Traction Co  
and Clover Leaf Route. The rate from  
Lima will be \$5.50. Through  
tickets at traction station cars leave  
Lima at 7:45 p.m.; passengers can  
land at St. Louis 7:30 a.m. Tickets  
will be good leaving St. Louis at  
7:30 p.m., Sept. 19th, or any preceding  
regular train.

Attack of Diarrheal Cured by One  
Dose of Chamberlain's Colic,  
Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy.

I was so weak from an attack of  
diarrhea that I could scarcely attend  
to my duties, when I took a dose of  
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhea Remedy. It cured me entirely  
and I had been taking other  
medicine for nine days without relief.  
I heartily recommend this remedy as  
being the best to my knowledge for  
bowel complaints. R. G. Stewart, of  
the firm of Stewart & Bro., Greenville,  
Ala. For sale by all druggists.

**THE STAGE.**

Kitty the heroine of "The Marriage  
of Kitty," at the Faurot opera house  
tonight, goes up to London in search  
of a husband. She tells her God-  
father she can do lots of things, but  
when the various livelihoods are  
enumerated to her she says to her  
guardian that he has left out one of  
the oldest means of getting a livelihood,  
the "old-fashioned thing called  
marriage."

But it has been discovered that the  
law evidently never contemplated the  
nomination by popular vote.

**JUST LIKE A CLAM.**

By Associated Press.  
Akron, O., Sept. 5.—Senator Dick  
returned from New York this morning.  
"I have nothing to say regarding the  
political situation," he said. "Nothing  
new has come up."

**A BIG CONCESSION.**

By Associated Press.  
St. Petersburg, Sept. 5.—The coun-  
cil of ministers has sanctioned the  
plan permitting the Jews to open  
elementary and secondary schools under  
the same conditions as people of other  
creeds.

**HEROIC TREATMENT.**

Youthful Hero at Emporia, Kas., Res-  
cues Companion from Drowning

Emporia, Kas.—Emporia has a can-  
didate for a "Curtis" medal in the  
person of Charles Haynes, 15 years  
old son of a leading hardware mer-  
chant.

While visiting friends in the coun-  
try he went swimming with J. H.  
Smith and his son Harold. Young  
Haynes leaped into the Cottonwood  
River, and was floated by Harold  
who could not swim. Neither could  
Harold's father.

The place at which they entered the  
water was a deep hole, with a swift  
current. Harold immediately went  
under, screaming for help. Young  
Haynes at once went to his rescue, but  
Harold had again sunk. When he  
came to the surface he immediately  
wrapped his arms around the neck of  
Haynes and dragged him under with  
him. When they again came to the  
surface young Haynes struck Harold  
in the face and head with his fist until  
he became unconscious. Haynes  
then attempted to take him ashore,  
but found himself unable, as the cur-  
rent had taken them down to where  
the banks were steep on both sides of  
the stream. He then took young  
Smith by the hair and swam further  
down until a place was reached where  
the father could assist him to drag  
the boy out.

It then took both a long time to re-  
store Harold to consciousness by rolling  
him over a log and by artificial  
respiration. The Smith boy is the  
older and much the larger of the two.  
Young Haynes is a real hero.

Had Tetter For Thirty Years.  
I have suffered with tetter for 30  
years and have tried almost countless  
remedies with little, if any relief.  
Three boxes of Chamberlain's  
Salve cured me. It was a torture. It  
breaks out a little sometimes, but  
nothing to what it used to do.—D. H.  
Beach, Midland City, Ala. Chamber-  
lain's Salve is for sale by all drug-  
ists.

**BY THE THOUSAND.**

Records Show That the Divorce Courts  
Have Been Busy.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Work on the  
Philadelphia divorce records is being  
rushed by Regent J. B. Mitchell of the  
United States census bureau, and he  
declared yesterday that unless some  
unforeseen difficulties arise, the  
record will be completed by the middle  
of October. He was unable to  
make any report on the work already  
accomplished, as he keeps no record  
here, sending the result of the day's  
work to headquarters in Washington  
each night. By striking an average of  
the annual divorce grind in the local  
court, it is thought that between 20,  
000 and 30,000 people were legally sepa-  
rated during the last twenty years  
in Philadelphia.

A cold taken at this time of the  
year is generally hard to get rid of  
but it will not be able to withstand  
Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. That  
will cure all colds, coughs, etc., etc.,  
whooping cough, etc., etc., by driving  
them out through the bowels. If  
you have a cold, try it and if not  
cured get your money back. No opa-  
rates. Sold at H. F. Vorkamp's drug  
store.

**THE CHEAPEST  
FUEL IS WOOD.**

All clear, solid wood, second  
growth ash from sound stock. Just  
the fuel for ranges and cooking  
stoves. Prompt delivery made. Order  
from the Handle Factory, corner  
Kibby street and Central avenue.  
223-11  
223-11

6-5-4 ORGAS RANGES  
6-5-4 SHINES ITSELF  
6-5-4 APPLIED LIQUID PAINTS  
6-5-4 LIQUID RUST  
6-5-4 SAVES SWEEP  
DRIES IN 10 MINUTES  
For Sale by J. J. Ewing.

**THE NEW COLONIAL**

—MORRIS CIRCUIT—

**HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE.**

GRAND OPENING  
LABOR DAY.

Matinee, 3 p.m. Night, 7:30 and 9.

**Fantasma.**

Hanlon Brothers will present their  
new spectacle "Fantasma," at the  
Faurot opera house Friday night.  
"Fantasma" is the most elaborate  
pantomime put forth by the Hanlons,  
who have had it in course of construction  
for many months. It is promised  
that the new tricks and illusions de-  
signed for "Fantasma" will be more  
notable than anything the Hanlons  
have yet offered.

**PRICES:**

Matinee, 10c. Night, 10c and 20c.  
Special children's matinee every  
Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Ad-  
mission, 5 cents.

Special performance every Sunday  
evening at 8:15 o'clock for the benefit  
of the public library.

"The Colonial For Us."



At Cincinnati, O.  
**August 28 to September 22**

**Cincinnati Invites You**  
TO VISIT HER INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION  
Worth Miles of Travel To See  
EXCURSION RATES BY RAIL AND RIVER

Attractions to Suit All Tastes

**"THE BLUE MOON"**  
London's Musical Spectacle  
Staged in Music Hall by the Shuberts  
(Courtesy of Mack's Opera House Co. of Cincinnati,  
Managers of Lyric Theatre)  
A Tremendous Hit—First American Production

"Fighting the Flames"  
A Realistic Scene of the  
Conquering of an  
Actual Conflagration!

"A Dozen Splendid Shows on  
"Washington Park Circle"  
Each One a Festival  
in Itself.

Cincinnati is Now the Liveliest City of the American Continent.  
Join the Thousands and Come. All Railroads Sell Round Trip  
Tickets at Low Rates. Cheap Excursions by Steamer from All  
Ohio River Towns. A Royal Welcome to All.  
For Further Information, Address

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE  
Cincinnati Fall Festival Association  
CINCINNATI, O.

**NEW ORPHIUM FAMILY THEATRE**

Market Street, Opposite Interurban Station.

**REFINED VAUDEVILLE.** Week of Monday, September 3.  
Eddie Leslie, well known character comedian; Bryan and Blanch,  
comedy sketch artists; Mc'le Carrle, novelty musical act; the Ben-  
nett Sisters, refined singers and dancers; Fisher and Johnson, com-  
edy bicyclists; The Randalis, novelty shooting act.

Orphiumscope, 100 feet—motion pictures—1000 feet.

**MATINEE DAILY AT 3:00. 10 CENTS.**

Two performances each evening, 7:30 & 9:00. 10c & 20c. Boxes 25c.

Special performance every Sunday evening at 8:15—Lima Hos-  
pital benefit.

Ice water served during the performance. Coolest place in the  
city. Open all summer. A big show for little money. Seats reserved.

**GET THE HABIT.**

**EASY TO  
BORROW.**

On Household Goods, pianos, carriages, etc. We loan you at the  
following rates which will pay out in 25 weeks and upwards.

\$15.00 for \$1.00 a week. \$25.00 for \$1.20 a week.

\$20.00 for \$1.15 a week. \$50.00 for \$1.40 a week.</

## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

PUBLISHED BY  
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT  
PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
129 West High Street.THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN LIMA  
RECEIVING ASSOCIATED PRESS  
REPORTS BY WIRE.

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as Second Class Matter.

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through telephone No. 84.

## WEATHER.

Washington, Sept. 5.—For Ohio:  
Fair to-night, slightly warmer in east  
and south portions; Thursday fair.

## LIMA DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

## Calendar of Meetings.

Feb. 1st; Feb. 15th; March 1st and  
15th; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th;  
July 5th, Aug. 2nd; Sept. 6th; Oct.  
4th; Oct. 18th; Nov. 1st; Nov. 15th;  
Dec. 6th and 20th.Uncle Joe Cannon, who is reputed  
to swear like a pirate, will find it  
difficult to sit up and look good for  
the next two years.The candidates for admission to the  
civil service, if rejected for phonetic  
spelling, will be able to cite the president  
as their authority instead of the  
dictionary.If the republican claim, that the tariff  
protects the farmer, was honest,  
the tariff duty of 25 cents a bushel on  
wheat should keep the price up instead  
of gradually failing as it now is.The Great Northern railroad has  
yielded 96 per cent in 23 years in  
dividends and "rights" and yet the  
railroads kick because the people  
want rates reduced.Both President Roosevelt and Andrew Carnegie refuse to stand for  
spelling, but they agree to stand for  
the steel trust tariff protection that  
plunders the people of the United  
States of untold millions.Secretary Shaw is wrestling with  
the silver trust, which combines  
in raising the price of the product  
it controls, each month. Why  
should not such a typical American  
producer as silver have a share of  
prosperity, and why should Shaw "bear  
the market" for silver any more than  
the market for cotton or wheat?Senator Beveridge throws up his  
hands and surrenders on every issue,  
and makes the endorsement of the  
president the only thing left for the  
republicans. The democrats have  
always claimed that republican policies  
will not bear inspection and nothing  
but a democratic congress will relieve  
the people from trust tariff protection  
and corporation plundering.In the small part of the speech—  
about one-fourth—made by Senator  
Beveridge, reported by the Associated  
Press, he mentions President Roosevelt  
eighteen times, so that the average  
mention of the president in the  
whole speech must have been about  
180 times. This is rather rough on the  
Maline voters who are intent on meas-  
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issues not bear talking about?

## TRADE MUST BE RECIPROCAL.

Barter is the basis of all trade. If  
we would sell, we must also buy. This  
is true of all nations and men. A tar-  
iff is "protective" only to the same  
extent to which it is prohibitive of  
trade, and is injurious to both buyer  
and seller to the extent to which it is  
prohibitive.

## The Itch Fiend

That's Salt Lick or Eczema, some  
of our var in manifestations of scrofula.  
It comes in itches, burning, scaling, dry-  
ing, and scarring patches, on the face, head  
hands and body.It can be cured by outward applica-  
tion, so the local must be rid of the  
party to which it is due.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is the most persistent and difficult  
cure. A good substitute for Hood's; no  
substitute acts like it.

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and seller to the extent to which it is  
prohibitive.

## ROOSEVELT PROCRASTINATES.

The republican standard candidates  
for congress at last have Roosevelt on  
deposit in their bank. His letter to  
Watson is a certificate of deposit  
against which every member of the  
congressional powerbound may draw  
at will.Commenting on this remarkable  
sophisticated and contentious behavior  
of the Oyster Bay Machiavellian,  
a Washington State republican says:"What can have come over the  
man?"—the president's attendants. A  
start of 50,000 he was on the eve  
of making his enemies on the subject  
of a new bill of rights, a moment  
ago, he had come to a standstill.A start of 50,000 he was on the eve  
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## STOCK MARKET

Americans Made Rise in London.

Mixed Tone In Speculative Dealing On Exchange In New York.

## WHEAT OPENED EASY

On General Selling By Commission Houses and Pit Traders.

Quotations on Live Stock, Grain, Produce and Provision.

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 5.—Uniform advances in Americans in London did not prevent a thoroughly mixed tone in the speculative dealings in stocks at the opening here today.

The Hartman Pastry, St. Paul, Pennsylvania and other recent speculative favorites showed small fractional gains but there was a long list of declines as well. Northwestern and American Ice rose about a point and Denver and Rio Grande and Sugar large fractions. Baltimore and Ohio, C. &amp; O. and National Biscuit declined % to 34.

Prices for stocks receded about a point generally when the call money rate went up to 10 per cent but the loss was regained about 15 minutes before the closing when call money was quoted at 25 per cent.

Rumors of coming relief of the money situation by action of the treasury department kept up the market. There was only a momentary dip in prices when call money flurried to 40 per cent. The subsequent level reached the highest of the day. Union Pacific, Amalgamated Copper and Pacific Mail rose 2 to 2 1/4 over last night. The movement otherwise was moderate and there was some selling in the final dealings, but the closing was about steady and near the top.

Caused by Bank Statement. New York, Sept. 5.—Money on call on the stock exchange today loaned at the outset at 17 per cent and then advanced to 24 per cent. Today's and yesterday's flurry in the money market is caused by the very unfavorable bank statement Saturday.

Soaring Some. New York, Sept. 5.—At 11 o'clock call money was quoted at 24 per cent.

Cotton Closed Steady.

New York, Sept. 5.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: Sept. \$8.68; Oct. \$8.30; Nov. \$8.32; Dec. \$8.09; Jan. \$8.18; Feb. \$8.25; March \$8.32; April \$8.33; May \$8.40.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Cattle receipts 26,000; market 10 cents lower. Beefs \$3.85@4.60; cows and heifers \$1.40@5.15; stockers and feeders \$2.50@4.50; steers \$3.63@4.50; weaners \$3.09@5.50; calves \$5.00@7.75.

Hogs receipts 31,000, market 5 to 10 cents lower; mixed and butchers \$5.65@6.35; good heavy \$5.80@6.20; rough heavy \$2.25@5.60; light \$5.80@6.35; pigs \$1.50@1.10; bulk of sales \$5.70@6.15.

Sheep receipts 22,000; market steady to 10 cents lower; sheep \$3.50@5.65; lambs \$4.60@7.55.

Chicago Closing.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Close: Wheat \$5.70; Dec. 72¢.

Corn—Sept. 47¢; Dec. 43.

Oats—Sept. 29¢; Dec. 30¢; Jan. 41¢.

Pork—Sept. \$1.90; Jan. \$1.45.

Lard—Sept. \$8.65; Oct. \$8.72 1/2.

Hogs—Sept. \$8.72 1/2; Oct. \$8.60.

Money at 40 Per Cent.

New York, Sept. 5.—At 2:15 p. m. call money was quoted at 10 per cent.

Wheat Opened Easy.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Wheat opened easier today on general selling by put dealers and commission houses. The selling movement was based upon liberal local receipts, continued good weather in the northwest and lower costs. December opened 1-8 to 1-7; low to 73 to 73 1/4 declined to 72 7/8 and reacted to 73 1/4.

On selling which was based upon large local receipts and good weather in the corn belt December corn declined to 42 7/8@43.

December oats opened at 31@31 1/8 and declined to 30 7/8@31.

September provision opened quiet, park at 13 1/2@12, lard 787 1/2 and ribs 72¢.

Toledo Grain.

Toledo, Sept. 5.—Wheat—Cash 72¢.

Pale? Thin? How is it with the children these days? Have they plenty of grit, courage, strength? Or are they thin, pale, delicate? This reminds you of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It does great things for children. It gives them a good appetite, improves their digestion, builds up their general health. Ask your doctor if he endorses this. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

## GREATER LIMA

Shown by the Enrollment In Schools.

Steady Gains With No Indication of Many Removals.

## NEAR FIVE THOUSAND

May Be the Mark at the End of the Present School Year.

An Increase of Fifty Students In Lima High School Today.

Are your bones aching, nerves tired, nights restless, kidney and liver trouble, energy low? These are signs of low vitality. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. Tea or tablets, 35 cents. H. F. Vortkamp.

## NEW MUSICIAN HERE

Prof. Summer, of Chicago, Is Now In Charge at the Colonial.

## EXPERT ELECTRICIAN

Also Arrives and Takes Charge of the Fine New Picture Machine.

Manager Finley is making improvements daily in the affairs of the popular new vaudeville house, the Colonial, and the three daily performances now run as smoothly and perfectly as in any theatre. An expert electrician has taken charge of the picture machine and this feature of the performances is now much better handled than at first. A larger screen, upon which to show the pictures, is also being provided.

Yesterday, Prof. Summer, an experienced vaudeville house piano player, arrived from Chicago and he is now in charge of the music at the Colonial. The house has excellent acoustic properties and is one of the best auditoriums in the city to hear music or speaking in. The house is also exceptionally well ventilated and is always comfortable, no matter how large the crowd.

A great show is already booked for next week when the illustrated songs will be sung by the mimitable Peter Laughlin.

## THE COLONIAL FOR US.

## Fun For the Children.

At the matinee performance next Saturday afternoon, children will be admitted for five cents each and each will be given a chance on a fine Aurora goat which will be presented by Manager Finley to the one holding the lucky number at the drawing which will take place before the performance closes.

The children are staying at grandpa's. Mamma has gone down to the sea; Papa is at home working.

Keeping well with Rocky Mountain Tea. H. F. Vortkamp.

## EVERY

## PAIR SCHOOL SHOES AT THE COLUMBIA NEW.

We have received in the past week, 50 cases of school shoes for boys and girls, made out of leather. Mind, we say leather, because shoes are not all made out of leather now days.

These boys' and girl's shoes we speak of are absolutely all solid leather and the price for boys or girls are \$1.15 and \$1.98. Better try a pair leather shoes for the children this fall.

NOTICE.—A Pingree stick pin free with every pair.

## COLUMBIA SHOE CO.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for such emergencies. It subdues the pain and heals the hurts.

It is a well known medical fact that pine resin is most effective in the treatment of diseases of the bladder and kidneys. Sufferers from backache and other troubles due to faulty action of the kidneys find relief in the use of Pine-ules. \$1.00 buys a 20 days treatment. Sold at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

## MANY INDICTMENTS

And Their Legality Were Not Decided By the Court Today.

## COURT IS IN SESSION.

General Routine of the Various County Offices For a Day.

It has been expected that the question as to the legality of the indictments returned by the last grand jury against S. M. Frontier and others, which were presented on motion to squash, would be passed upon by Judge Cunningham today.

The court, however, since going into the questions raised and the defense offered, finds many knotty problems and will not act hastily. Therefore, he notified attorneys today that he would not pass upon the bridge trust matters until one day next week, probably Monday or Tuesday. Judge Cunningham is on the bench today and is hearing a number of divorce pleadings, confirming sales and taking up matters as presented.

New Suit. Robert W. Murray vs. Miner C. Crossley, et al.; appeal.

For Gross Neglect. Russell E. Davison has brought suit for divorce from his wife, Pearl Davison, alleging gross neglect of duty and willful absence.

Granted a Decree.

In the divorce action of Esther M. Yoakam vs. Charles, a decree was granted the wife on the grounds of gross neglect.

## To Open Up Case.

Attorneys for both sides argued before the court today for a reopening of the divorce case of Molite Williams vs. John. The wife had been granted a decree, and custody of four children but no means were provided for the maintenance of the children. The father wanted two of them and claims to have a private agreement to this effect. The case was re-opened as to the maintenance.

## Taken to Lancaster.

James Tuttle was taken to the Lancaster Reform school by Sheriff Van Gunten today.

## To Sell Oil Property.

Receiver Bowman came down from Toledo today to sell the oil property of the Bella City Oil company, under the action brought some time ago by Floyd B. Shaffer. As yet the sale has not occurred.

## Released Sheep Claims.

The first sheep claims of the new quarter were allowed by the county commissioners today.

## Marriage Licenses.

George W. Wyman, 28, of Columbus Grove, and Bertha Corolus, 21, of Spencerville.

Edward W. Lalib and Lois B. Bowens.

## Released From Jail.

Harry Strom, after long days of rest, was released from the county jail by the commissioners today.

## Attacks the Mother.

Humane Officer J. V. Smiley filed an affidavit against the mother of Lucy and Anna Bower, aged 16 and 13 years, and Esther Day, aged 13, alleging the parents to be of an immoral character and asking that custody of the minors be taken from them. It is alleged the girls are allowed to wander the streets late at night and frequent immoral places. The trials will occur before Probate Judge Hutchinson.

## MUSICAL TOYS.

An act, away above the ordinary, usually seen in vaudeville theatres, is that of the Musical Toys, at the Colonial theatre this week, which is said to be the highest priced musical act ever seen in vaudeville in Lima. This act combines high class musical specialties and an abundance of good comedy, and serves to introduce many new instruments, all being well played and enhanced by an artistic electrical display, the stage being a burst of beauty and splendid effect, glittering with incandescents in variegated colors. The made member of this clever team is dressed as a silly kid, while the young lady appears in an artistic gown.

This act, in itself is worth many times the price of admittance and must be seen to be fully appreciated.

It makes a fitting close for the exceptionally strong bill this week at Lima's newest theatre, The Colonial.

## DON'T LIKE THEM.

By Associated Press. Marion, O., Sept. 5.—Fifty employees of the Central Ohio Lime and Stone company struck today because 28 Indians were put at work beside them at the kilns. A fight between the strikers and the Indians took place last evening, in which knives and stones were used.

These boys' and girl's shoes we speak of are absolutely all solid leather and the price for boys or girls are \$1.15 and \$1.98. Better try a pair leather shoes for the children this fall.

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## CITY COUNCIL

Held Its Regular Meeting Last Night.

N. F. Stedke's Bill For Sewer Inspecting Was Turned Down.

## WANTED 50 DOLLARS

For His Trip Through the Slimey Timberlake Sewer.

Considerable of Legislation Was Enacted By the City Fathers.

Four members of the city council seem to be of the opinion that fifty dollars is too much pay for a man to take a trip through the slimey waters of the Timberlake sewer from Hog creek to Wayne street. At least that is the way four of the members of that august body voted last night when the bill of N. F. Stedke, the expert inspector, was submitted. Mr. Stedke was employed by the finance committee of the council to inspect the sewer, the object of the finance committee being to ascertain the cause of the frequent flooding of cellars on west Wayne, High and North streets, in the vicinity of the big trunk sewer. The sewer was also inspected by the regular city sewer inspector, and there was but little difference in the reports made by the two men. The city inspector received his regular day's salary for his work, but a bill was presented for Stedke's work asking for a remittance from the city to the extent of fifty dollars. A motion to allow the bill was lost, Messrs. Craig, Greenland, Larimer and Davison voting "no."

## Humane Officer's Salary.

The council received a communication from attorney M. L. Becker, calling attention to the fact that the statutes prescribe that the council shall appropriate for a salary for the county humane officer and that not less than \$20 per month shall be paid such officer. The council thereupon passed the ordinance which has been pending for some time, providing a salary of \$20 per month for humane officer, J. V. Smiley. Mr. Smiley now demands that he be paid from the time of his appointment, which was on the 13th of last June.

With reference to the trouble from back water in the vicinity of the Timberlake sewer, the board of public service reported that a seven inch water pipe which partly obstructed the sewer at one point had been removed, and that the board proposed to construct a sewer in Wayne street, from Washington street to Charles street, to further relieve the situation. The communication was referred to the sewer and finance committee.

## To Defend the City.

City Solicitor Eastman called attention to the pending suit of J. C. Lineman and others against the city, relative to the construction of the new city water works reservoir, and suggested the necessity of the employment of another attorney to assist in the defense of the city. The matter was referred to the city solicitor and finance committee with power to act.

A communication from Mayor Robb, calling attention to defects in the ordinance licensing peddlers, was referred to the judiciary committee.

A communication from the officers of the League of American Municipalities, inviting the officials of this city to attend the next meeting of the league, in Chicago, was received and filed.

## A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters builds up sound health—keeps you well.

## PEACHES—AT—PIPER'S.

PEACHES—ELBERTAS—THE FIRST LOT OF 100 BUSHELS WILL BE FOR SALE AT MY STORE TOMORROW. EVERY ONE ACQUAINTED WITH THIS VARIETY OF PEACHES KNOWS THEM TO BE

BEST FOR CANNING AND ARE ALWAYS PROPERLY GRADED IN FULL BUSHEL AND PECK BASKETS AND CAN BE EASILY DETECTED FROM INFERIOR SPOTTED, UNGRADED PEACHES, GENERALLY COVERED WITH WOOD TOPS.

## TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION

QUALITY OUR PRICES ARE CHEAPER THAN OTHERS ARE PAYING FOR PEACHES. WILL KINDLY APPRECIATE ANY ORDERS GIVEN US EITHER AT THE STORE OR OVER TELEPHONES.

JACOB PIPER.

With all the weird, wild wonder of this crowning achievement of the

## HANLONS' GENIUS.

Most picturesque tableau enchaining transformation scenes ever conceived. Three car loads of miraculous electrical equipment, beautiful ballets, bewitching music, unapproachable specialties, astonishing pantomime.

## UNPARALLELED SCENIC SPECTACLES.

New story, music, tricks. New scenes, bacchanals, laughs. Nothing old but the famous name of

## THE HANLONS.

By order of

NOBLE GRAND.

## DRY GOODS.

G. E. BLUEN,&lt;/

## The Prying Bureau

The methods of the Emperor Napoleon were not the best. In the past place was organized the secret service, and it was composed of a number of persons who were employed to open the letters of the secret people, read them, and send them on to the persons to whom they were addressed without ever being seen, so that they had been surprised at the time. But there is no game at which one can play that may not be played by two.

One morning a man whom we shall call M. Garnier sat in his library at his home in Paris. He was, or was supposed to be, in high favor with the emperor, but in those days of chicanery it was impossible for any one to feel certain of his position. A servant came in and announced that a visitor had called who would not give any name. He wished to see M. Garnier at once. The gentleman gave orders that he was to be admitted, and a young man with a hangdog appearance came into the room.

"Well," said M. Garnier, "have you got anything?"

The man thrust his hand into an inner pocket and drew forth a letter and handed it to M. Garnier. It was unsealed, and M. Garnier took it from its envelope and read it. His face darkened. He sat in deep thought for some time, then examined minutely the envelope he held in his hand.

"I see," he said, "that you have mutilated the envelope. Was that necessary?"

"Yes, indeed. Every precaution was taken by the writer to provide against the letter being opened. I have had a number of the duke's letters to open, and he takes the same precaution with all. I first tried, in this case, to roll under the pasted flap a smooth pen handle, but, though I have become very expert at this, failed. I tried steaming the gum, but the duke uses a gum that will not be softened by steaming. Of course, since the gum wouldn't soften there was no use tampering with the seal, though I am proud to say that no one can remove a seal more expertly than I. I tried the process of removing the stamp and cutting two diagonal lines where it had been, but when I put in my steel hook and endeavored to wind the paper about it to draw the letter through I failed. The paper is very thick and stiff, as you see. I was consequently reduced to the necessity of making a slit at the end of the envelope."

"But how are you going to close this slit?"

"I will draw one edge over the other, deftly and paste it with colorless paste. I assure your excellency it will not be noticed."

"Very well, take it away and send it through the mail to its address. By the bye, Juies, I don't know how I am to come out of this, and it looks as if any one appointed to the postoffice at my request must soon be discharged. You had better take this."

He handed the man notes for 1,000 francs.

"Your excellency is generous," said Juies.

"Hup! The service is invaluable to me! I may form a plan to prevent the duke from arresting me. Keep a sharp lookout on the mail, and beware that the members of the cabinet now don't get on to your track."

The same evening another hangdog looking man called on M. Garnier and informed him that the Duke de M. was at the palace of the Tuilleries engaged at a game of cards. Ten minutes later M. Garnier entered the card room, was effusively received by the duke and took a hand. He had played some time when suddenly he rose and threw the cards in the duke's face.

"Heav!" he cried. "These cards are marked!"

Others examined the cards, which were found to be marked, though there was no evidence who had marked them. But this was of minor importance. The duke must defend his honor and it once challenged his accuser to fight. But he turned pale. He had intended to get rid of his rival, with the emperor's permission, on the morrow and inferred that Garnier had got wind of his move. He must submit to weapons chosen by his challenger, and he knew that Garnier was one of the most expert swordsmen in Paris. Usually no one is killed and few are injured in due. But in this case both knew it was one of life and death, and the duke knew that his antagonist was a better swordsman than he.

The next morning the papers were full of an account of a duel that had taken place at 2 o'clock in the morning between the Duke de M. and M. Garnier, the former having been killed. The promenade of the two men, the fact that they were political rivals and aspirants for the chief place in the government caused a great sensation. But sensations, especially in France, all have an end, and gradually it was noticed that M. Garnier was rapidly gaining favor with the emperor. In a month's time it was announced that he was to receive the portfolio vacated by the Duke de M.

On the day the portfolio was to be transferred M. Garnier drove to the palace of the Tuilleries and was received by the emperor. There is one condition you must attach to my acceptance of the portfolio.

"And what is that?" asked the emperor.

"I must have the direction of the cabinet."

The emperor said his brows. He spent an hour trying to change the condition but finding it impossible to last denied.

FLORENCE ETHEL CROSBY

## Peanut Trade Secrets.

Some peanuts that were bought ready roasting in oil and water were sold to others, but they were preserved in water. There is a reason for this. The great American peanut will remain sprouting a day or two after roasting and is then only a few hours. It always roasts rapidly so that two days after roasting the finest nuts lose their crispness and are to all intents and purposes as though they had never been cooked. The Italian and Greek peanut are freshened up their stocks by roasting again and retasting. When the process has been repeated three or four times, though, the peanut begins to take on a rawish hue, which is considered objectionable by those who have stands in the better parts of town. These much roasted goobers are therefore sold at a discount to Greeks and Italians who have stands near railroad stations and the cheaper resorts, who can roast, roast again and roast them indefinitely until they are finally sold—New York Press.

## A Camera Friend.

A well known criminal lawyer one day entered into a police court just as a case was called. It appeared that the defendant had no attorney, and the judge glanced about the room to see whom he might assign to the case.

"I'll take it, judge," the late comer said, wishing to pass away the time.

"By the way, what is the man charged with?" the attorney presently asked.

"He's a camera friend of the worst sort, Mr. Brown," the judge said, with a slight smile. "I expect to send him to the workhouse for about three months."

"What?" the lawyer shouted indignantly. "Your honor must be joking. Sende a man to the rock pile for three months for a little harmless amusement like taking pictures?"

"Well," the judge said mildly, "he doesn't take pictures much—it's the cameras he takes."—New York Times.

## A Wonderful Escape.

Fleschel tried to assassinate King Louis Philippe of France in July, 1835. The king was riding along the lines of the national guard in the Boulevard du Temple. There came a crash and a rush of bullets. Louis Philippe's arm was grazed, his horse was shot in the neck. Marshal Mortier fell dead and about thirteen other people were killed and thirty wounded. Fleschel had taken the upper floors of a house several weeks before and there rigged up an oaken frame four feet by three feet six inches, supported on four posts of oak and itself supporting twenty-five gun barrels fixed in grooves at various angles so as to command an area of twenty-five feet in length and ten feet in height. When he fired the train of powder that let off his battery the king would have been killed if four barrels had not burst and two missed.

## Ancient Locks.

Locks were used in the time of the pharaohs. At Karnak the visitor is shown the sculptured representation of a lock which is almost exactly like one kind of lock used in Egypt at the present day. Homer says that Penelope used a brass key to open her wardrobe. He adds that it was very crooked and had an iron handle. A Greek writer who lived in the last half of the twelfth century explains that such keys were undoubtedly very ancient, although still to be seen in Constantinople and elsewhere Roman locks, like the Egyptian, required a partial sliding of the key. They were, however, more intricate.

## Darwin and Books.

Of Darwin it is affirmed that he was seen only the eastern or Rocky mountain forests to imagine the woods of the Pacific coast. Pictures of the big trees are as common as postage stamps, but the most wonderful thing about the big trees is that they are scarcely bigger than the rest of the forest. The Pacific coast bears only a tenth of our woodland, and nearly half of our timber. An average acre in the Rocky mountain forest yields one to two thousand board feet of lumber, in the southern forest, three to four thousand; in the northern forest, four to six thousand. An average acre on the Pacific coast yields fifteen to twenty thousand. Telescopa the southern and Rocky mountain forest, runs the northern on top of them and staff the central into the chinks, and acre for acre, the Pacific forest will outweigh them all.—American Magazine.

## Stains on Books.

Ink stains may be removed from a book by applying with a camel's hair pencil a small quantity of oxalic acid diluted with water and then using blotting paper. Two applications will remove all traces of the ink. To remove grease spots lay powdered pumice each side of the spot and press with an iron as hot as the paper will bear without scorching. Sometimes grease spots may be removed from paper or cloth by laying a piece of blotting paper on them and then pressing the blotting paper with a hot iron. The heat melts the grease, and the blotting paper absorbs it.

## The Little Toe to Go.

A comparative anatomist says that the little toe was not to go; that it is a useless appendage, already showing signs of degeneration or withering away. It is proved that the horse, in the course of several centuries, has dropped four toes and now travels on one, and some think that man's pedal extremities are bound to follow a similar line of evolution. In the horse it is the middle digit which has survived as the fittest. In man it will be the first or great toe.

## In No Hurry.

An old citizen who had been hemmed up all his life was about to die. His wife felt it her duty to offer him such consolation as she might and said:

"John, you are about to go, but I will follow you."

"I suppose so, Mandie," said the old man weakly, "but so far as I am concerned you don't need to be in any blamed hurry about it."

## Past, Present and Future.

Mrs. D. Forcee—if I could only forget the past! But alas, it is ever before me: Mrs. Olden—You'll have a bad future with your past always present. Take my advice and leave the past behind for the present and live in the future for the future and not in the past.—Life

## An Expert.

Suburbite (the visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in! Don't mind the dog. Visitor! But won't he bite? Suburbite—That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning—Parks Rite

## Nothing to It.

First Burglar—Did Bill git much out dat last burglary? Second Burglar—No, he got so little dat his lawyer advised him ter plead guilty—Judge.

## Culture.

"Culture," said a college president, "is what remains when what you learned in college has been forgotten."—New York Times.

## When a Recipe calls for stale cake,

the woman who has boys in her family knows that she will never have a chance to use it.

## CASTORIA.

The kind you have always bought

Signature

Chas. H. Fletcher

## Egyptian Onions.

Egypt has been regarded by some people as the land of pyramids and mummies, but it has from time to time had a reputation for onions. Ancient Egyptians swore by the onion and regarded the plant as sacred. The inscription on the pyramid of Cheops tells us that the workers had onions given to them and from the Bible we learn that the Hebrew slaves under Pharaoh enjoyed these bulbs, and that when far away they remembered "the leeks and the onions and the garlic." The Egyptian onion is a handsome and useful vegetable and by selecting the best strains of seed the quality tends, year by year, to improve. The Egyptian know two varieties, the "Raoul" and the "Mishmout," but supplies of the latter kind are seldom sent abroad, as they absorb so much moisture from the frequently irrigated ground in which they are grown that they do not stand a sea voyage well. The "Raoul" onion is grown in yellow soil, which is sparingly watered while the bulbs are maturing, in order that the onions may stand a long sea voyage with little risk of sprouting.

## Chevy Living in Norway.

"It is a good scheme," said a rich man, "to spend the summer in Norway. The Norwegian climate is superb, the scenery is grand and the living is cheap—dollar a day at the hotels and carriages at half dollar a day. One fine thing about Norway is that in the summer the night only lasts a couple of hours, and if you go as far as the North Cape there is no night at all, but the sun circles round and round the horizon and never sinks below."

The Norwegian rivers abound in fish, and any one is free to angle for trout in them. The salmon rivers, though, are strictly preserved. Some of the salmon rivers are very fine and rent for as much as \$2,000 a year. I know a man who has a river only two miles long that he pays \$1,000 for. He often gets fish sixty or seventy pounds.

The day I called on him his wife came in with a forty pounder, a twenty-two pounder and a fifty-one pounder that she had caught herself within three hours."

## A Forest of Giants.

It is almost impossible for one who has seen only the eastern or Rocky mountain forests to imagine the woods of the Pacific coast. Pictures of the big trees are as common as postage stamps, but the most wonderful thing about the big trees is that they are scarcely bigger than the rest of the forest. The Pacific coast bears only a tenth of our woodland, and nearly half of our timber. An average acre in the Rocky mountain forest yields one to two thousand board feet of lumber, in the southern forest, three to four thousand; in the northern forest, four to six thousand. An average acre on the Pacific coast yields fifteen to twenty thousand. Telescopa the southern and Rocky mountain forest, runs the northern on top of them and staff the central into the chinks, and acre for acre, the Pacific forest will outweigh them all.—American Magazine.

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## THE TALE OF THE EYE

## DISPOSITION IS REVEALED IN THE COLOR OF THE OPTICS.

The Black Eye is Not Black and It Fades—The Steel Gray, the Green and the Sweet Brown Eyes—Eyes of Shakespeare, Coleridge and Byron.

It has been remarked by those who are most conversant with the anatomy of the optic that the darkest hued eye is most susceptible to change. The fading of the black eye is no secret, as it is almost universal, and this is natural and accounted for from the known fact that the black eye is not black, but a yellow of deep color and sometimes found in combination with one or more colors. The light blue and the gray seem to be the most lasting. The gray eye is an almost universal characteristic of men and women of great intellect.

Shakespeare had deep gray eyes, which were remarkable for their near approach to blue. Up to the death of the poet the original color remained. Lord Byron had the gray eyes of the poet, Coleridge also had gray eyes, but, like Shakespeare and Byron, the gray was at times, and under mental excitement particularly, tinted with another color. One biographer of Lord Byron tells of his beautiful changeable gray eyes as one of the chief characteristic features of his physiognomy. The eye of Coleridge was of a greenish gray.

There are also eyes of so bright a hazel as to seem almost yellow, and there are eyes that have lost the often referred to mark concerning "green eyed jealousy," for they are to all appearance positively green. It is frequently the case that they are very beautiful when they are shaded, as often as not they are shaded, and it is often the case, with very long and dark eyelashes, but, though beautiful, they are not indicative of a good disposition and belong particularly to a person of jealous temperament.

Clear, light blue eyes, with a calm steadfastness in their glance, are said to be indicative of a cheerful disposition, of a serene temper and of a constant nature. The light blue eye is peculiar to the northern nations, and it is mostly to be found among the Swedes and the Scotch. Among the rare blonds of the southern portions of Europe is also found the blue eye. The pleasant light blue eye, with the honest glance, must not be confounded with another sort of eye of a pale blue, almost steel colored hue, which has a continually shifting sort of motion both of the eyelids and the pupils. Human beings having eyes such as these should be avoided, for the color is indicative of a deceitful and remarkably selfish nature.

Very dark blue eyes with something of the tinge of the violet show great power of affection and purity of mind, but it is remarked of these that the possessor of such eyes is seldom a person of much intellectuality.

It is the universal opinion that blue eyes are more significant of tenderness and of a certain yielding of purpose than either the brown, black or gray eyes. Concerning the constancy of the person, it is agreed that blue eyed people are not inconstant, like those of hazel and yellow eyes, but it is certain that they yield from affection for those they love, and only for those remaining constant in every other case, and even under the strongest temptation.

Gray eyes with a greenish tint and with orange as well as blue in them and which are of ever varying tints, are indicative of most intellectuality. These are especially indicative of impulsive, impressionable temperaments.

Passionate ardor in love is to be found in the man or woman who possesses black eyes or what are considered the brown eyes, when not of the yellowish tint, but pure russet brown, show an affectionate disposition, and the darker the brown—the more the eyes verge on to that deepest of brown color in

## JEROME TALKS

To Meeting of New York  
Democrats.He Takes Direct Issue With  
the Opinions of Many  
of Leaders.

## AFTER TRUST BUSTERS

Elections He Describes as  
Ignoble Fights For  
the Offices.Political Bosses Only the  
Hired Men Who Represent the Capitalists.By Associated Press.  
Albany, Sept. 5.—District Attorney William Travers Jerome, of New York, was the center figure in the conference of up-state democrats, called to meet here today to consider the condition of the democratic party in the state of New York. It was declared to the sponsors of the conference, leading among whom was ex-Mayor Thomas M. Osborne, of Auburn, that Mr. Jerome was present merely as a speaker, not as a party to the conference, and that the meeting was not in the interest of his candidacy or that of any man for the democratic nomination for governor.

It was expected that about 75 well-known democrats would be present.

Mr. Jerome mentioned no names in his address. He dealt with the general purposes, general condition and possibilities of the democratic party. He declared it as his understanding that the conference was in the interest of no particular candidate, least of all to dictate to or threaten the convention of the party soon to assemble at Buffalo.

He took direct issue with the opinion recently expressed by Governor Polk and with others, though he named no one.

"Real leadership is nowhere in sight," said he, "and what passes for leadership seems to consist of demagogic denunciation of existing conditions and the advancing of vague schemes of socialism and paternalism which are essentially revolutionary in character."

"We are not on the threshold of the greatest political awakening this nation has ever known marking 'the beginning of a new age' but we are about to return to our senses, and to earnestly address ourselves to the solution of the difficult problems confronting us, by the methods which the past show to be entirely adequate to meet the greatest emergencies."

The so-called 'muck rake' has had a great volume, and on the whole, has done a good work. But in mere exposure and denunciation, English speaking people cannot rest.

"The 'Octopodite' and 'trust buster' is vociferous and much in evidence but he offers no issue upon which political parties can divide. Our elections, where national political parties are involved, have become little more than ignoble scrambles for offices, in which each candidate declares how good he will be if elected to office."

"In the midst of all this the plain people go about their business. Seeing no real issues of present interest in dividing the national parties, they stand indifferent to each, ready and free to choose when an issue arises that interests them."

"The republican," he continued, "has always been conservative, opposed to change and innovation, until today, half consciously it voices its character by declaring itself to be the party of the 'stand patter'."

"On the other hand the democratic party has been the party of the liberal. Only recently, he said, had efforts been made to drag the party from the path of progress to that of revolution."

"The leader has disappeared," said Mr. Jerome. "The boss who has succeeded him is only apparently a boss and really is but the hired man of the capitalist whose influence lies back of party machinery and controls it for his own selfish and corrupt ends. The people have practically no choice in the selection of candidates for office, and at the polls have only a choice between men whom they often consider as unfit for the office for which they are running."

The men responsible for present demoralized condition of the party in this city should be driven out."

From a great vote getting organization, they have made it simply a delegate getting machine."

"Unless these conditions were remedied, Mr. Jerome declared, by the encouragement of independent thought and action, by conventions

AMERICAN YACHT  
WON THE RACEBy Associated Press.  
Marblehead, Mass., Sept. 5.—In contrast with the northwestern that sent the six Sander yachts to a piping finish on Monday in the first contest between the German and American boats for the Roosevelt cup, the indications for the start of today's event looked like a light weather race. At sunrise the wind was blowing barely a mile an hour. The air was cool and the sky clear. Off shore the sea had subsided considerably. This encouraged the spectators and almost as large a crowd as that which watched the first race had assembled in readiness to view today's contest.

The yachts were started at 11:10 after some very clever work at the line for position. The American boat Vim led the fleet, but the German yacht Wannsee had the best position on the weather quarter of the Vim. Two minutes after the start the Vim had worked out into the lead and was twenty yards ahead of the Wannsee. The German boat Tilly was under the lee of the Wannsee, and then right astern of the pair came the Glueckauf, the third German.

The Auk and Camaralla, Americans, were the last over the line. Four minutes after the start the Vim was still leading but both the Wannsee and the Tilly had crossed the bow of the Camaralla. The wind was blowing at about 5 miles an hour.

The Auk rounded the mark first at 12:19:15.

The other yachts tugged as follows: Camaralla, 12:20:10; Vim, 12:20:20;

Glueckauf VI, 12:21:25; Wannsee 12:22:05; Tilly VI, 12:23:35. The time is official.

Miss Effie East and Annabel Hill spent Sunday and Monday with friends in Sidney.

The Misses Mary and Ella Hollihan, with their cousins Anna Hall, of Dayton, and Alma Trathen, of Chicago, where guests of Dr. and Mrs. L. F. Hubbell, of Sidney, Sunday and Monday.

Mr. T. W. Harper, of Cedarville, O., is visiting his sister, Mrs. M. L. McNealy, of east North street.

Mr. Thos. Van Sickle, of south Jackson street, is spending his vacation among friends and relatives in the southern part of Ohio and Kentucky.

Fay Johnson, of north West street, spent Labor Day hunting near Beaverdam, but was not successful, one little squirrel being the reward of the day's effort.

The Misses Mecham have returned from a month's vacation in the east.

## FISHING IS FORBIDDEN.

Fishing is the water works reservoir and in Lima Lake will positively be prohibited. Board of Public Service.

DAVIDSON IS  
OWN SUCCESSOR.

By Associated Press.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 5.—The latest returns from yesterday's primary election throughout Wisconsin indicate that Governor Davidson, republican, swept the state, winning from his opponent, Speaker Irvine L. Lenroot in the race for the nomination for governor by a majority of 40,000 votes. John A. Ayward, democrat, of Madison, for governor received the nomination over Ernest Morton, of Milwaukee, by a safe majority.

In the congressional race, William J. Cary, republican, of Milwaukee, defeated Congressman Theobald Oljen for nomination in the fourth district.

William H. Stafford, republican, the brevet congressman from the fifth district, was renominated over Henry H. Cochemis in a close contest. Congressman J. W. Babcock and Judge D. O. Mahoney are running a close race in the third district with the result still in doubt. The same condition exists in the ninth where Congressman Smerner and Kusterman appear to be running about even.

## CASE CONTINUED.

By Associated Press.

Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 5.—The trial of Curtis Jett, for the murder of James Cockrell, town marshal of Jackson, in July, 1902, was today continued until December 17th. Owing to the illness of Attorney Blanton, who formerly represented Jett, he first meeting.

## RATCHFORD RE-APPOINTED.

By Associated Press.

Columbus, Sept. 5.—Governor Harris today re-appointed Michael D. Ratchford as state commissioner of labor for the term ending April 25, 1908. Mr. Ratchford was first appointed by Governor Nash six years ago and has held the office ever since.

CHARLEY HUGHES  
A RETICENT MAN.

By Associated Press.

New York, Sept. 5.—Charley Hughes, who conducted the legislative insurance investigation last year, arrived home today from Europe on the steamer Caronia. He would not state positively that he would refuse the republican nomination for governor if it were tendered him or would he say he would accept.

He would not say whether or not he would be a candidate.

## THE IDLER.

By Associated Press.

Rev. Father Alfred Manning has gone to Marblehead for a few days' vacation, with his old friend, Father Chaloupka.

## THE FRUITFUL ALPHABET.

Lord Kelvin once performed a daring

experiment before a class of students. In the course of his lecture he said that while a voltage of 3,000 or so would be fatal to a man a voltage of some 300,000 would be harmless. He was going to give a practical illustration on himself, but the students cried out, "Fry it on a dog!" Lord Kelvin cast a look of reproof at his class. " Didn't I figure it out myself?" he said quietly, as he turned to the apparatus and safely turned the tremendous voltage into himself.

## THE CHINESE COLOGNE.

The Chinese ladies have an old kind

of cologne—that is to say, they con-

stantly have upon their person a small

bag of sweet smelling gum similar to

that which was used by the ancient

Egyptian women. Numerous costly

jars recently unearthed at Pyramids

contain the cosmetics and perfumes

which were used by Egyptian prin-

cesses, all of which bear a resemblance

to those in vogue today among Chinese

ladies of the highest rank.

## SORDID SPEECH.

He—I'd like to know what enjoyment

you can find in going from store to

store looking at things you haven't the

last idea of buying. She—I know I

can't buy them, but there is a sort of

melancholy pleasure in thinking that I

could have bought them if I had mar-

ried George Senda when I had the

chance, instead of taking you.

## COLDLY DESCRIBED.

"So you don't envy any of the world's

men of genius?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrook. "I adm-

ire them, but I don't envy 'em. A

genius is a man who gets a monument

after he's dead instead of three square

meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

## UMBRELLA SAVES LIFE.

Woman Struck by Trolley Car, but

Parachute Breaks Force.

Haddonfield, N. J.—The first acci-

dent to a pedestrian by the trolley

cars since they began running here,

eight years ago, occurred when Mrs.

Ellen Haggerty of Clement street was

struck and rendered unconscious.

Mrs. Haggerty was crossing the street

in the rain carrying a raised um-

brella. The umbrella saved her from

being killed by the blow from the

car, and the fender prevented her from

being ground beneath the wheels.

She was carried to an undertaker's

shop, her wounds dressed, and then

taken home.

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## THE IDEA.

Subway guard—"A little lively,

lady!"

Elderly female—"I am not!"—Puck

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## To Carter & Carroll's

## For Extraordinary Bargains

# THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

It was Dickens who first used these magic figures when he wrote his "Tale of Two Cities." His meaning of "23" reduced to its simplified form is to move--to close out, and that is exactly what we wish to do with this large quantity of merchandise in order to make place for incoming fall and winter stocks. Sale will continue throughout Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

### 23

#### To Domestics.

23c yards 10c flannelette, new fall styles	23c
2 yards 12 1/2c flannelette, new fall patterns	23c
3 yards 8c heavy outing flannel	23c
3 yards 8c new fall style outing flannel	23c
5 yards 8c comfortable calico, new patterns	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c cheviot shirting	23c
5 yards 5c standard prints	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c Pacific Biege	23c
5 yards any 5c white goods in stock	23c
2 1/2 yards, any 10c white goods in stock	23c
2 yards, any 12 1/2c white goods in stock	23c
2 yards, of any 12 1/2c percale	23c
5 yards lawn wash goods, that had been reduced to 5c	23c
2 1/2 yards large Turkish towels	23c
1 1/2c extra large Turkish towel	23c
1 1/2c pure linen buck towel	23c
1 1/2c hemstitched damask towel	23c
1 1/2c fringed damask towel	23c
1 1/2c yards 10c colored duck or galette cloth	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c Persian figured chaffie	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c black sateen skirting	23c
25c natural dress linen	23c
29c white sheer cambric linen	23c
3 yards 12 1/2c shrunk muslin, 1 yard wide	23c
2 yards 15c shrunk muslin, 1 yard wide	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c bed ticking	23c
3 yards 5c creton new patterns	23c
2 1/2 yards figured denim, new patterns	23c
25c black mercerized lining, yard wide	23c
All 25c fancy white goods	23c
4 yards 7c standard check ginghams	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c dress ginghams	23c
2 yards 15c chambray ginghams, 30 in. wide	23c
5 yards 14c muslin	23c
3 yards 9c bleached muslin	23c
25c Lockwood half bleached sheeting	23c
25c Lockwood unbleached sheeting	23c
26c Lockwood bleached sheeting	23c

### 23

#### To Silks.

39c colored tafta silks	23c
50c lining satin, 27 inches wide	23c
56c fancy tafta silk waistings	23c
50c round silk, 24 inches wide	23c
75c tafta silks, some slightly soiled	23c
50c white colored wash silk	23c
39c wash silk	23c
50c and 75c fancy tafta silks in short lengths	23c

### 23

#### To Toweling and Table Damask

5 yards, 5c bleached toweling	23c
3 yards, 8c linen toweling	23c
2 1/2 yards 10c Stevens linen toweling	23c
2 yards 12 1/2c Stevens linen toweling	23c
3 yards, 10c Russia linen toweling	23c
25c standard turkey red damask	23c
25c mercerized white damask	23c

### 23

#### To White Goods.

6 yards 5c India linen	23c
3 yards 8c creton new patterns	23c
2 1/2 yards figured denim, new patterns	23c
25c black mercerized lining, yard wide	23c
All 25c fancy white goods	23c
4 yards 7c standard check ginghams	23c
All 25c plain white goods	23c
25c white batiste	23c

### 23

#### To Dress Goods.

45c white Tricot waistings	23c
25c all wool Tricot waistings	23c
25c cream and colored dress goods	23c
50c dress fabrics, one yard wide	23c
50c novelty dress goods, one yard wide	23c
35c shepherd's check dress goods, 1 yard wide	23c
75c embroidered wash dress goods	23c
50c silk ginghams, wash dress goods	23c
45c imported printed organdies	23c
35c one yard wide dress linens	23c
3 yards 10c plaid dress goods, suitable for children's dresses	23c
15c white colored wash silk	23c
39c wash silk	23c
45c plaid dress goods	23c

### 23

#### To Laces.

15 yards, 2c Val. lace and insertion	23c
10 yards, 3c Val. lace and insertion	23c
8 yards 4c Val. lace and insertion	23c
6 yards, 5c Val. lace and insertion	23c
5 yards, 6c Val. lace and insertion	23c
4 yards, 8c Val. lace and insertion	23c
3 yards, 10c Val. lace and insertion	23c

### 23

#### To Lace Curtains, Mattings and Carpets.

1 pair 35c ruffled Swiss curtains	23c
1 dozen 35c lace Nottingham curtains	23c
1 yard 35c serims curtain goods	23c
25c and 30c straw matting	23c
2 yards 15c straw matting	23c
33c yard wide sultana carpet	23c

### 23

#### To Dress Trimming Braids.

6 yards 5c dress trimming braid	23c
5 yards 7c dress trimming braid	23c
4 yards 8c dress trimming braid	23c
3 yards 10c dress trimming braid	23c
2 1/2 yards 12 1/2c dress trimming braid	23c
2 yards 15c dress trimming braid	23c
1 1/2 yards 20c dress trimming braid	23c
1 3/4 yards 25c dress trimming braid	23c

### 23

#### To Hosiery.

2 pairs women's 15c black ribbed top hose	23c
2 pairs women's 15c black hose, white feet	23c
2 pairs women's 15c black hose, white spliced sole	23c
3 yards 10c plaid dress goods, suitable for children's dresses	23c
2 yards 12 1/2c plaid dress goods	23c
Women's 35c black lace hose	23c
2 yards 12 1/2c plaid dress goods	23c
Women's 35c colored lace hose	23c

### 23

#### To Handkerchiefs.

5 women's all linen handkerchiefs	23c
5 women's fancy embroidery handkerchiefs	23c
3 women's pure linen 10c handkerchiefs	23c
2 women's 15c pure linen initial handkerchiefs	23c
5 men's white or colored bordered handkerchiefs	23c
4 yards, 8c Val. lace and insertion	23c
3 yards, 10c Val. lace and insertion	23c
2 yards, 12 1/2c Val. lace and insertion	23c
4 yards 8c net top laces with insertion to match	23c
3 yd 10c net top laces with insertions to match	23c

### 23

#### To Notions.

3 10c white embroidered turnovers	23c
2 15c white or cream lace turnover collars	23c
25c pearl belt buckles	23c
6 cards 5c ornamental hair pins	23c
25c beaded purses	23c
25c back combs	23c
25c side combs	23c
3 boxes shell hair pins	23c
6 5c shell hair pins	23c
3 10c shell pins	23c
12 3c hair pins	23c
6 five cent boxes wire hair pins	23c
3 yards 10c black or white lisle elastic	23c
2 yards 10c black or white or colors fancy elastic	23c
35c black white and colored chiffon veillings	23c

### 23

#### To Ribbons.

30c printed warp tafta ribbons	23c



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